WORKING DRAFT

HOUSE BILL NO
Medical malpractice insurance premium account.
Sponsored by: Representative(s) Robinson
A BILL
for
AN ACT relating to a medical malpractice insurance premium
assistance; creating the medical malpractice insurance
premium account; providing legislative findings and
purposes; authorizing payments of physicians' medical
malpractice insurance premiums as specified; providing
requirements; specifying duties of insurance commissioner;
providing an appropriation; providing a sunset date; and
providing for an effective date.
Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Wyoming:
Section 1. W.S. 26-33-201 and 26-33-202 are created
to read:

ARTICLE 2

1	MEDICAL MALPRACTICE INSURANCE PREMIUM POOL
2 3 4 5 6 7	*** STAFF COMMENTS *** This bill, the Massie bill (609) and the Mockler bill (635) all provide subsidies to physicians for medmal premiums. Major differences are highlighted with staff comments.
8	26-33-201. Medical malpractice insurance pool;
9	findings; purpose.
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11	(a) The legislature finds that there is a medical
12	malpractice insurance crisis in Wyoming that is causing
13	physicians' professional insurance premiums to increase to
14	the point that some physicians practicing in some medical
15	subspecialties are unable to afford insurance premium
16	increases and are closing their practices and leaving, or
17	contemplating closing their practices and leaving, the
18	state. The loss of those physicians will or may result in
19	decreased availability of adequate medical care for Wyoming
20	citizens throughout the state. The legislature further
21	finds that Wyoming, as a demographically frontier state,
22	has difficulty recruiting sufficient numbers of physicians
23	to practice in more rural areas of the state.
24 25 26 27 28	*** STAFF COMMENTS *** The three bills all contain slightly different legislative findings. It is important for the Committee to review those and determine which it believes most accurately represents testimony provided. Generally speaking the Massie draft

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	speaks in a more limited fashion regarding the malpractice situation; i.e., "some physicians may be unable to afford"; versus "are unable"; and "may be forced to limit or close" versus "are closing" practices. This bill speaks to "some medical subspecialties" in the findings.
8	(b) It is the purpose of this article to attempt:
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10	(i) To retain physicians who may otherwise close
11	their practices in Wyoming because of the cost of medical
12	malpractice insurance;
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14	(ii) To maintain an adequate number of
15	physicians in the state to meet the needs of Wyoming
16	citizens, particularly those citizens who could not
17	otherwise afford or obtain necessary medical care.
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	*** STAFF COMMENTS *** The purpose is identical to the Mockler bill. The Massie bill contains no separate purpose, but it is implicit in the findings of a compelling state interest and encouraging physicians to offer medical care to the poor.
25 26 27 28 29	*** STAFF COMMENTS *** This bill and the Massie bill place administration with the insurance commissioner. Mockler's with the Department of Health.
30	26-33-202. Medical malpractice insurance account;
31	creation; duties of state treasurer and insurance
32	commissioner; terms of assistance; recoupment.

2 (a) There is created a medical malpractice insurance premium account. The account and any investment income 4 earned from the account shall be invested and reinvested by 5 the state treasurer pursuant to W.S. 9-4-711. Funds within the account shall be used to provide assistance as 6 authorized under this section and to pay for administration of this article. 8 9 *** STAFF COMMENTS *** 10 bill specifies a Mockler 11 appropriation of the account. This bill and the 12 Massie bill do not, but both of those bills 1.3 sunset by statute. 14 15 (b) The insurance commissioner shall: 16 17 (i) Annually examine premiums for each medical specialty or subspecialty in each of the fifty (50) states 18 19 and calculate the average of those rates for each medical

specialty or subspecialty; 20

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STAFF COMMENTS *** There is no averaging of the premiums in either the Massie or Mockler bills.

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25 (ii) Develop and make available application 26 forms for medical malpractice insurance premium assistance under this section. 27

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*** STAFF COMMENTS ***

1 2 3	The listing of the commissioner's duties is more detailed and specific in the Massie bill.
4	(c) Any physician who is licensed and practicing in
5	the state may apply to the commissioner for assistance in
6	paying a portion of the physician's medical malpractice
7	insurance premium as provided in this section. As a
8	condition of receiving assistance under this section, the
9	physician shall enter into a contract with the state,
10	wherein the physician shall agree:
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12	(i) To practice in the area of medical specialty
13	or subspecialty for the entire period of the contract for
14	which malpractice insurance premium assistance is provided
15	under this section;
16 17 18 19	*** STAFF COMMENTS *** Same requirement as the Mockler bill. The Massie bill does not specify "specialty".
20	(ii) To provide medical care for the entire
21	period of the contract to Wyoming residents qualified under
22	the Wyoming Medical Assistance and Services Act or the
23	Wyoming uninsured child health insurance program
24	established under W.S. 35-25-101 who are seeking medical
25	care which the physician is qualified to provide; and
26	*** STAFF COMMENTS ***

1	All	three	bills	nearly	identical	on	this
2	requi	irement.					

4 (iii) In the event of breaching the contract, to
5 repay the state all funds provided to the physician under
6 this section, including interest.

7 *** STAFF COMMENTS ***

Neither Mockler nor Massie drafts require repayment with interest. The Mockler version provides attorney fees and costs of collection neither this nor the Massie bills do.

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13 (d) The commissioner shall compare the insurance 14 premium of a physician who meets the requirements specified 15 in subsection (c) of this section with the average premium 16 calculated most recently under paragraph (b)(i) of this 17 section for the physician's medical specialty 18 subspecialty. If the physician's insurance premium exceeds the average calculated most recently under paragraph (b)(i) 19 of this section, the commissioner shall, to the extent 20 funding is available and subject to other provisions of 21 22 this section, pay a portion of the physician's insurance that is in excess of the average calculated most recently 23 under paragraph (b)(i) of this section, not to exceed an 24 25 amount equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of that average, 26 from the account established by this section.

1 commissioner may deny assistance to any physician if the

2 physician has a significantly negative claims history.

*** STAFF COMMENTS ***

The Mockler bill provides a payment based on Medicaid and CHIPS patient load. The Massie - "up to" 25%, capped at \$35,000. There is no statutory definition of significantly negative claims history; it would be established by rule. The Mockler bill does not use this limitation. The Massie bill includes similar language along with other language which is to be considered by the commissioner in exercising authority to limit or eliminate payments.

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- 15 (e) Any physician eligible to receive assistance 16 under this section shall submit documentation that the
- 17 physician has provided medical care during the contract
- 18 period to individuals specified under paragraph (c)(ii) of
- 19 this section. The physician shall receive assistance with
- 20 medical malpractice insurance premium in a dollar amount
- 21 not to exceed sixty percent (60%) of the dollar amount
- 22 billed, and approved, for services provided under the
- 23 programs specified under paragraph (c)(ii) of this section.

24 *** STAFF COMMENTS ***

This is a second calculation "capping" payments. The first is the limit of not more than 25% of the average; this would then limit the amount paid to a dollar amount of not more than 60% of approved billings to Medicaid and CHIPS patients. The Massie bill limit of \$35,000 has no such tie, the Mockler bill uses the Medicaid and CHIPS patient workload in calculating the payment.

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1	(f) If funding available from the account created by
2	this section is insufficient to pay the amount of insurance
3	premium assistance authorized in subsection (e) of this
4	section for all physicians who apply for assistance under
5	this section, the commissioner may at his discretion pay
6	only a portion of the amount of each eligible physician's
7	insurance authorized in subsection (e) of this section, in
8	a manner to maximize the number of physicians who may

*** STAFF COMMENTS ***

Mockler's draft explicitly states the reduction will be pro rata - this draft does not contain that limitation. The Massie bill does not have explicit language, but the commissioner generally has authority to pay "up to" the amounts provided, which with other language appears to be sufficient to address a shortfall.

- malpractice insurance premiums under this section and who fails or refuses to fulfill the terms of the contract required under subsection (c) of this section, shall be in breach of the contract. The commissioner shall obtain the assistance of the attorney general in recouping the amount of assistance provided under the contract. The commissioner may waive recoupment for good cause shown.
- 27 *** STAFF COMMENTS ***

receive assistance under this section.

There is no provision for waiver for good cause in the Massie or Mockler drafts. There are other

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1 statutes providing for waiver for good cause. 2 They must be interpreted in light of 3 Constitutional provision Article 3, section 40 4 which states: 5 6 obligation or liability of any 7 association or corporation held or owned by the 8 state or any municipal corporation therein shall 9 be exchanged, transferred, remitted, released, postponed or in any way diminished 10 except as may be prescribed by the legislature. 11 12 liability obligation orshall 13 extinguished except by payment into the proper 14 treasury or as may otherwise be prescribed by the 15 legislature in cases where the obligation or liability is not collectible. 16 17 18 A physician who receives assistance for medical (h) 19 malpractice insurance under this section may, upon full reimbursement including interest to the medical malpractice 20 21 insurance premium account for the assistance received in a 22 contract period, cancel the contract at any time. 23 *** STAFF COMMENTS *** 24 There is no provision similar to subsection (h) 25 in either the Mockler or Massie bills. 26 27 (j) The insurance commissioner shall have authority 28 to: 29 30 (i) Establish the rate of interest, not to exceed six percent (6%) per annum, that shall be paid under 31

STAFF COMMENTS ***

paragraph (c) (iii) and subsection (h) of this section; and

2 3 4	There is no interest provision and thus no provision similar to paragraph (i) in either the Mockler or Massie bills.
5	(ii) Promulgate rules and regulations
6	establishing standards for what may constitute a
7	significantly negative claims history for purposes of
8	subsection (d) of this section.
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10 11 12 13 14 15	*** STAFF COMMENTS *** The following section contains conforming amendments added to the version reviewed by the Labor and Judiciary committee. They are needed if the above remains in the insurance code as 26-33-201 et. seq.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	*** STAFF COMMENTS *** Note that there are no definitions above. The most critical for policy purposes is "physician". This bill states any physician licensed and practicing in this state. The Mockler bill defines physicians as persons licensed W.S. 33-26-303. This would include medical doctors, doctors of osteopathy and physician assistants but would not include dentists, podiatrists, optometrists or chiropractors.
28	Section 2. W.S. 26-33-101(a)(intro), 26-33-102(a) and
29	(b), 26-33-103, 26-33-105(a), 26-33-109 and 26-33-110(a)
30	are amended to read:
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32	26-33-101. Definitions.

1 (a) As used in this chapter article:

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3 **26-33-102. Qualification.**

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5 (a) To be qualified under this chapter article, a
6 physician shall annually purchase health care professional
7 liability insurance coverage of not less than fifty
8 thousand dollars (\$50,000.00) per occurrence for any act,
9 error or omission relating to medical care rendered during
10 the policy year and pay the surcharge pursuant to W.S.

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26-33-105(c).

13 (b) A physician failing to qualify under this section 14 is not covered by this chapter article.

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16 **26-33-103.** Insurance coverage.

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A qualified physician shall be insured in a minimum amount of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00) against a claim for malpractice. Any award or settlement adjudicated or allowed on a malpractice claim in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00) or limits of other underlying coverage if greater occurring during any year in which the physician is qualified under this chapter article shall be paid from

- 1 the account subject to the limitation that obligations from
- 2 the account shall not exceed one million dollars
- 3 (\$1,000,000.00) in any calendar year for one (1) or more
- 4 awards or settlements against an individual physician.

6 26-33-105. Medical liability compensation fund.

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- 8 (a) There is created a medical liability compensation
- 9 account within the trust and agency fund, the monies of
- 10 which shall be collected by the commissioner for exclusive
- 11 use for the purposes stated in this chapter article. The
- 12 account and any investment income from it shall be held in
- 13 trust and invested and reinvested by the state treasurer
- 14 pursuant to W.S. 9-4-711.

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16 **26-33-109.** Contents of policies.

- 18 Any policy issued under this chapter article is presumed to
- 19 comply with this chapter article. The insurer assumes all
- 20 obligations to pay an award imposed against its insured
- 21 under this chapter article and no policy termination by
- 22 cancellation is effective unless at least ninety (90) days
- 23 before the effective date of the cancellation both the
- 24 insured and the commissioner receive at their offices, a

1 written notice giving the date upon which termination is

2 effective.

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4 26-33-110. Failure to pay claims.

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6 (a) If a professional liability insurer, in the
7 regular course of business, fails to pay its portion of any
8 judgment rendered against any physician or any other person
9 insured under this chapter article, the commissioner shall
10 suspend that insurer's certificate of authority until the
11 portion of the judgment allocable to the insurer is paid in
12 full, provided the insurer has the right to a hearing in

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15 **Section 3.** W.S. 26-33-201 and 26-33-202 are repealed 16 effective June 30, 2007.

17 *** STAFF COMMENTS ***

accordance with W.S. 26-3-115 (b).

The Massie bill has a sunset of June 30, 2006.

Mockler's has no sunset.

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Section 3. There is appropriated from the budget reserve account to the medical malpractice insurance premium account created by W.S. 26-33-202, ten million dollars (\$10,000,000.00) to implement the purposes of this act, including payment of physicians' qualified medical

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1	malpractice	ınsurance	premiums	and	admınıstratıve	costs

- 2 incurred by the insurance commissioner in the
- 3 implementation of the act. Any funds unobligated or
- 4 unencumbered on June 30, 2007 shall revert to the general
- 5 fund.

6 *** STAFF COMMENTS ***

The Mockler bill contains a lump sum appropriation of \$10 million from the BRA. The Massie bill \$10.8 million for premium payments and \$300,000 for administration - both from the BRA.

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- 13 **Section 4.** No contract under this act shall extend
- 14 beyond June 30, 2007. Notwithstanding the repeal of W.S.
- 15 26-33-202(g) pursuant to Section 2 of this act, the
- 16 insurance commissioner may, after June 30, 2007, seek
- 17 recoupment of assistance provided under this act for any
- 18 breach of contract that occurs as a result of a contract
- 19 executed under this act, subject to any limitations that
- 20 may apply under title 1, chapter 3 of the Wyoming statutes.
- 21 *** STAFF COMMENTS ***
- No similar provision in either the Massie or Mockler bills.
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- 25 **Section 5.** This act is effective immediately upon
- 26 completion of all acts necessary for a bill to become law
- 27 as provided by Article 4, Section 8 of the Wyoming
- 28 Constitution.

1 (END)