HOUSE BILL NO. HB0144

Wyoming Emergency Response Act.

Sponsored by: Joint Transportation and Highways Interim Committee

A BILL

for

1	AN ACT relating to public health and safety; creating the
2	Wyoming Emergency Response Act; creating the state
3	emergency response commission; providing procedures for the
4	response to the release of hazardous materials or a weapons
5	of mass destruction incident as specified; authorizing
6	local emergency planning committees and regional response
7	teams; providing for liability for a released hazardous
8	material; providing for recovery of expenses incurred in
9	responding to hazardous material and weapons of mass
10	destruction incidents; providing for mediation; providing
11	exceptions; granting rulemaking authority; and providing
12	for an effective date.

13

14 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Wyoming:

15

1	Section 1. W.S. 35-9-151 through 35-9-159 are created
2	to read:
3	
4	Division 5
5	Wyoming Emergency Response Act
6	
7	35-9-151. Short title.
8	
9	This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Wyoming
10	Emergency Response Act".
11	
12	35-9-152. Definitions.
13	
14	(a) As used in this act:
15	
16	(i) "Emergency responders" means public, state
17	or federal fire services, law enforcement, emergency
18	medical services, public health, public works, emergency
19	management and other public response services or agencies
20	that would be involved in direct actions to contain or
21	control a hazardous material release or weapons of mass
22	destruction incident. The term "emergency responders" does
23	not include private on-site facilities with immediate

24 emergency response capabilities unless formally requested

1 to assist off the private facility site by the state or a

political subdivision of the state; 2

3

4 (ii) "Emergency response" means a response to

5 any occurrence including a weapon of mass destruction

incident, which has resulted, or may result, in a release 6

7 of a hazardous material;

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9 (iii) "Hazardous material" means any substance,

10 material, waste or mixture designated as hazardous

material, waste or substance as defined in 49 C.F.R. part 11

12 171.8, as amended as of April 1, 2004;

13

(iv) "Incident" means the release, or imminent 14

threat of release, of a hazardous material, or a situation 15

16 involving a potential weapon of mass destruction that

17 requires the emergency action of responders to limit or

prevent damage to life or property; 18

19

20 (v) "Incident commander" means the person in

21 charge of all responders at the site of an emergency

22 response;

23

1 (vi) "Local emergency response authority" means 2 the single point of contact designated for a political 3 subdivision for coordinating responses to incidents; 4 (vii) "Political subdivision" means any county, 5 city, town or fire protection district of the state; 6 7 (viii) "Regional emergency response team" means 8 9 any group of local government emergency responders brought 10 together and supported by the state and confirmed by the homeland security director to assist an 11 affected 12 jurisdiction within the different regions of the state with 13 the intent to protect life and property against the dangers 14 of incidents and emergencies involving hazardous materials or weapons of mass destruction; 15 16 17 (ix) "Transporter" means an individual, copartnership, corporation, company, association or joint 18 stock association, including any trustee, receiver, 19 20 assignee, or similar representative, or a government or 21 Indian tribe, or an agency or instrumentality of any 22 government or Indian tribe, that transports a hazardous material to further a commercial enterprise or offers a 23

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1 hazardous material for transportation in commerce. 2 "Transporter" does not include the following: 3 4 (A) The United States Postal Service; 5 (B) Any government or Indian tribe, or an 6 7 agency or instrumentality of any government or Indian tribe, that transports hazardous material for 8 9 governmental purpose; 10 11 (x) "Homeland security director" means as 12 defined in W.S. 19-13-102(a)(v); 13 (xi) "Unified command" means a system of command 14 that allows all parties with jurisdictional or functional 15 16 responsibility for the incident to work together to develop a common set of incident objectives and strategies, share 17 information, maximize the utilization of available 18 resources and enhance the efficiency of the individual 19 20 response organizations; 21 (xii) "Weapons of mass destruction" means as 22

defined in 18 U.S.C. 2332(a) as of April 1, 2004, or as

1 subsequently defined by rules and regulations of the

2 homeland security director;

3

4 (xiii) "This act" means W.S. 35-9-151 through

5 35-9-159.

6

7 35-9-153. State emergency response commission;

8 creation; duties.

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- 10 (a) There is created a state emergency response
 11 commission that shall consist of members appointed by the
- 12 governor to advise the homeland security director with
- 13 respect to activities under this act. The commission shall
- 14 consist of not less than four (4) members representing the
- 15 mining, trucking, manufacturing and railroad industries,
- 16 one (1) member each from the legislature, local government,
- 17 local law enforcement, fire services, the Joint Tribal
- 18 Council, emergency management services, the media, the
- 19 medical field and the general public, and one (1)
- 20 representative from each of the following state agencies:

21

22 (i) The department of environmental quality;

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23

24 (ii) The department of health;

1 2 (iii) The department of transportation; 3 4 (iv) The department of agriculture; 5 6 (v) The department of fire prevention and 7 electrical safety; 8 9 (vi) The University of Wyoming environmental 10 health and safety office. 11 12 (b) The governor may remove any member as provided in W.S. 9-1-202. 13 14 (c) The commission shall appoint a chairman and other 15 officers deemed necessary from among its members. The 16 commission may meet as often as deemed necessary by a 17 majority of the commission or at the request of the 18 homeland security director. Commission members who are not 19

21 for attending commission meetings in the same manner and

state employees may be reimbursed for per diem and mileage

7

22 amount as state employees.

23

20

The governor may give consideration to the 1 (d)

2 geographical location of the commission members, to the

3 extent possible, in order to have broad representation of

4 the geographical areas of the state.

5

6 The commission shall review collection (e)

7 disbursement of funds and advise the homeland security

director on activities and responsibilities under this act. 8

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10 (f) The commission shall, by rule, establish 11 emergency planning districts in accordance with the 12 requirements of 42 U.S.C. 11001 et seq. and in compliance 13 with the Wyoming Administrative Procedure Act, to consist of twenty-three (23) districts corresponding to the 14 jurisdictions of the twenty-three (23) counties of the 15 16 state. The commission shall appoint members of the local 17 emergency planning committees for each emergency planning district to include representatives required by 42 U.S.C. 18 11001, et seq. The commission shall annually review 19 20 memberships and activities of the local emergency planning 21 committees and report to the governor annually on those activities. The commission shall work with each board of 22

county commissioners and city council to promote support by

8

1 the board for the local emergency planning committee in the

2 county.

3

4 (g) The commission shall perform all duties and acts

5 prescribed by 42 U.S.C. 11001 et seq., and all other

applicable law, with the assistance of the Wyoming office 6

7 of homeland security and other state agencies determined to

be necessary by the commission. 8

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10 35-9-154. Emergency response training, planning and

11 reporting.

12

13 (a) After consultation with the commission and the

14 state fire marshal, the homeland security director shall:

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(i) Coordinate, develop, implement and make 16

17 available a comprehensive voluntary training program

designed to assist emergency responders in hazardous 18

material or weapons of mass destruction incidents; 19

20

21 (ii) Provide for ongoing training programs for

22 political subdivisions, state agency employees and private

industry employees involved in responding to hazardous 23

24 materials or weapons of mass destruction incidents.

2 (iii) Assist with emergency response planning by

3 appropriate agencies of government at the local, state and

4 national levels.

5

6 35-9-155. Regional response teams; rulemaking.

7

8 (a) The state, political subdivisions of the state

9 and other units of local government, may contract or

10 coordinate to make available for use in any county, city or

11 fire protection district any part of a regional emergency

12 response team of appropriately trained personnel and

13 specialized equipment necessary to respond to an incident

14 or emergency.

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16 (b) Members of the regional emergency response teams

17 shall be indemnified and defended from liability by the

18 state self-insurance program:

19

20 (i) While engaged in response to incidents

21 outside their normal jurisdiction and pursuant to an

22 appropriate request for assistance; or

23

1	(ii) While traveling to or from an operation
2	authorized by this act.
3	
4	(c) The state may lend equipment and personnel and
5	make grants from available state or federal funds for the
6	purchase of equipment to any local government participating
7	in the regional emergency response program.
8	
9	(d) The homeland security director, in consultation
10	with the state fire marshal and subject to approval by the
11	state emergency response commission, shall:
12	
13	(i) Promulgate rules and regulations
14	establishing:
15	
16	(A) Standards for regional response teams;
17	
18	(B) Hazardous material emergency response
19	training confirmation;
20	
21	(C) Local and regional hazardous materials
22	or weapons of mass destruction incident response reporting.
23	

1 (ii) Establish criteria for providing aid to

2 regional emergency response teams.

3

4 35-9-156. Local response authority.

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(a) Every political subdivision of the state shall 6 7 designate a local emergency response authority for responding to and reporting of hazardous material or 8 9 weapons of mass destruction incidents that occur within its 10 jurisdiction. The designation of a local emergency response 11 authority and copies of any accompanying agreements and 12 other pertinent documentation created pursuant to this 13 section shall be filed with the homeland security director 14 within seven (7) days of the agreement being reduced to writing and signed by all appropriate persons. 15

16

17 Every local emergency response authority shall coordinate the response to an incident occurring within its 18 jurisdiction in a fashion consistent with standard incident 19 20 command protocols. The local emergency response authority 21 shall also coordinate the response to an incident which 22 initially occurs within its jurisdiction but which spreads to another jurisdiction. If an incident occurs on a 23 24 boundary between two (2) jurisdictions or in an area not

- 1 readily ascertainable, the first local emergency response
- 2 authority arriving at the scene shall coordinate the
- 3 initial emergency response and shall be responsible for
- 4 seeking reimbursement for the incident on behalf of all
- 5 responding authorities entitled to reimbursement under W.S.
- 35-9-157(a). 6

- (c) Any unusual incident involving 8 hazardous
- 9 materials or weapons of mass destruction shall
- investigated to determine if a criminal act has occurred 10
- 11 until it is determined otherwise. To ensure preservation
- 12 of evidence while mitigating the threat to life and
- 13 property under this subsection, a command structure with
- 14 primary command authority by the appropriate law
- enforcement agency shall be implemented. 15

16

- The incident commander shall declare an incident 17
- ended when he has determined the threat to public health 18
- and safety has ended. 19

20

21 35-9-157. Right to claim reimbursement.

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- The state, political subdivision of the state or 23
- 24 other unit of local government is hereby given the right to

claim reimbursement for the costs resulting from action 1

2 taken to remove, contain or otherwise mitigate the effects

3 of a hazardous materials abandonment, a hazardous materials

4 spill or a weapons of mass destruction incident.

5

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, 6

no person shall be liable under this act if the incident 7

was caused by: 8

9

10 (i) An act of God; or

11

12 (ii) An act or omission of a person not defined

13 as a transporter under this act, provided that:

14

15 (A) The potentially liable person exercised

reasonable care with respect to the hazardous material 16

17 involved, taking into consideration the characteristics of

the hazardous material in light of all relevant facts and 18

19 circumstances; and

20

21 (B) The potentially liable person took

22 reasonable precautions against foreseeable acts or

omissions of any third person and the consequences that 23

24 could foreseeably result from those acts or omissions.

(c) Local emergency response authorities and regional
mergency response teams shall be entitled to recover their
reasonable and necessary costs incurred as a result of
their response to a hazardous material or weapons of mass
destruction incident. Costs subject to recovery under this

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9 (i) Disposable materials and supplies acquired,
10 consumed and expended specifically for the purpose of the
11 response;

act include, but are not limited to, the following:

12

(ii) Remuneration of employees for the time and efforts devoted to responding to a hazardous materials or weapons of mass destruction incident outside the responders' normal jurisdiction;

17

(iii) A reasonable fee, as established through
rules and regulations of the homeland security director,
for the use of equipment, including rolling stock, in
responding to a hazardous materials or weapons of mass
destruction incident outside the responders' normal
jurisdiction;

23

(iv) Rental or leasing of equipment used 1 2 specifically for the response; 3 4 (v) At value replacement costs for equipment 5 owned by the person claiming reimbursement that is contaminated beyond reuse or repair, if the loss occurred 6 7 as a result of the response; 8 9 (vi) Decontamination of equipment contaminated 10 during the response; 11 (vii) Special technical services specifically 12 requested and required for the response; 13 14 15 (viii) Medical monitoring or treatment of response personnel; 16 17 18 (ix) Laboratory expenses for analyzing samples taken during the response; and 19 20 21 (x) If determined to involve criminal activity, 22 all costs and expenses of the investigation.

1 (d) Nothing contained in this section shall be 2 construed to change or impair any right of recovery or

3 subrogation arising under any other provision of law.

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5 35-9-158. Expense recovery and civil remedies.

or county or municipal attorney as appropriate.

6

7 (a) The decision to commence a civil action to
8 recover expenses shall be made by the state, political
9 subdivision of the state or other unit of local government,
10 including local emergency response authorities and regional
11 response teams, in consultation with the attorney general

13

12

(b) Prior to commencing a civil action for recovery
of expenses pursuant to this act, the governmental entity
shall afford the person alleged to owe those expenses a
reasonable opportunity to engage in nonbinding mediation.
Each party to mediation shall bear his own costs and
expenses, including a proportionate share of the fees of
the mediator.

21

(c) In the event that the attorney general or county
or municipal attorney prevails in a civil action for
reimbursement under this act, the court shall award costs

1 of collection including reasonable attorney's fees,

2 investigation expenses and litigation expenses.

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4 Any person who receives remuneration for the 5 emergency response expenses pursuant to any other federal law shall be precluded from recovering 6 or state 7 reimbursement for those expenses under this act. Nothing in this act shall otherwise affect or modify in any way the 8 9 obligations or liability of any person under any other provision of state or federal law, including common law, 10 11 for damages, injury or loss resulting from the release of

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35-9-159. Exceptions to reimbursements; exception to act.

expenses of remedial action for the release.

any hazardous material or for remedial action or the

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18 (a) This act shall not apply to releases of a
19 hazardous material where there is an immediate on-site
20 private industry response capability to the emergency. The
21 exemption under this subsection shall apply only if the
22 private industry files evidence of its immediate response
23 capability to respond to emergency releases of hazardous
24 materials that may be present at the site of the private

4				' 1 7				1
1	industry	or	the	responsible	partv	and	incident	commander

- 2 have determined that the local or regional response team is
- 3 no longer required and should be released. The exemption
- 4 shall not apply if emergency responders responded to a
- 5 release of hazardous materials at the request of the on-
- site private industry where the emergency occurred. 6

- (b) The state, political subdivisions of the state or 8
- 9 other unit of local government shall not be entitled to
- 10 reimbursement under this act from any responsible party for
- an incident involving less than the following quantities of 11
- 12 hazardous materials:

13

14	Hazard Class/Division	Hazard Type	Quantity subject to
15	from 49 CFR		reimbursement
16	Article 100-185		
17			
18	1.1, 1.2, 1.3	Explosive Materials	Any quantity
19	(Table 1 materials)		
20	1.4, 1.5, 1.6	Explosive Materials	1001 pounds
21	(Table 2 materials)		
22	2.1	Flammable Gas	150 gallons
23	(Table 2 material)		
24	2.3	Poison Gas	Any quantity
25	(Table 1 material)		
26	3	Flammable Liquid	150 gallons

1	(Table 2 material)		
2	3	Combustible Liquid	300 gallons
3	(Table 2 material)		
4	4.1	Flammable Solid or	11 pounds
5	4.2	Spontaneously Combustible	
6	(Table 2 materials)	Material	
7	4.3	Dangerous When Wet	3 pounds
8	(Table 1 material)		
9	5.1	Oxidizer	1001 pounds
10	(Table 2 material)	(Includes inorganic	
11		Peroxides)	
12	5.2	Organic Peroxide	66 pounds
13	(Table 1 material)		
14	6.1	Poison (Inhalation	32 pounds
15	(Table 1 material)	Hazard Zone A or B)	
	- `		
16	6.1	Poison (Other than	1001 pounds
16 17		Poison (Other than Inhalation Hazard Zone	1001 pounds
	6.1		1001 pounds
17	6.1	Inhalation Hazard Zone	1001 pounds
17 18	6.1 (Table 2 material)	Inhalation Hazard Zone A or B)	
17 18 19	6.1 (Table 2 material) 6.2	Inhalation Hazard Zone A or B)	
17 18 19 20	6.1 (Table 2 material) 6.2 (Table 2 material)	Inhalation Hazard Zone A or B) Infectious Substance	1001 pounds
17 18 19 20 21	6.1 (Table 2 material) 6.2 (Table 2 material) Class 7	Inhalation Hazard Zone A or B) Infectious Substance Radio Active Material	1001 pounds
17 18 19 20 21 22	6.1 (Table 2 material) 6.2 (Table 2 material) Class 7 (Table 1 material)	Inhalation Hazard Zone A or B) Infectious Substance Radio Active Material (Yellow Label III only)	1001 pounds Any quantity
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	6.1 (Table 2 material) 6.2 (Table 2 material) Class 7 (Table 1 material) Class 8	Inhalation Hazard Zone A or B) Infectious Substance Radio Active Material (Yellow Label III only)	1001 pounds Any quantity

1 (c) The initial response authority shall seek 2 reimbursement on behalf of all responders entitled to 3 reimbursement under this act from any responsible party for 4 an incident involving hazardous materials under this act. 5 **Section 2.** W.S. 1-41-102(a)(v)(A) is amended to read: 6 7 1-41-102. Definitions. 8 9 (a) As used in this act: 10 11 12 (v) "Public employee" means any officer, 13 employee or servant of the state, provided the term: 14 15 (A) Includes elected or appointed 16 officials, peace officers, members of regional emergency 17 response teams authorized under W.S. 35-9-155 and persons 18 acting on behalf or in service of the state in any official

21 9-2-103(a)(iii);

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capacity, whether with or without compensation, including

volunteer physicians providing medical services under W.S.

1 Section 3. This act is effective immediately upon

2 completion of all acts necessary for a bill to become law

3 as provided by Article 4, Section 8 of the Wyoming

4 Constitution.

2004

5

6 (END)