SENATE FILE NO. SF0014

Asset forfeiture-2.

Sponsored by: Joint Judiciary Interim Committee

A BILL

for

1 AN ACT relating to the Wyoming Controlled Substances Act;

2 amending and expanding procedures and requirements for

3 forfeiting and seizing property; providing definitions;

4 conforming provisions; and providing for an effective date.

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6 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Wyoming:

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- 8 **Section 1.** W.S. 35-7-1049(a) (intro), (v) (intro), (c),
- 9 by creating new subsections (d) through (g), by amending
- 10 and renumbering (d) and (e) as (h) and (j), by renumbering
- 11 (f) as (k), by amending and renumbering (g) and (h) as (m)
- 12 and (n), by renumbering (j) as (o) and by amending and
- 13 renumbering (k) through (n) as (p) through (r) is amended
- 14 to read:

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1 35-7-1049. Forfeitures and seizures generally; 2 property subject to forfeiture. 3 4 (a) The following are subject to forfeiture 5 permitted pursuant to subsections (c) through (r) of this 6 section: 7 8 (v) All conveyances including aircraft, vehicles 9 or vessels, knowingly used or intended for use to transport 10 or in any manner to knowingly facilitate the transportation for the sale or receipt of property described in paragraph 11 12 (a)(i) or (ii) of this section may be seized by the 13 commissioner and forfeited to the state pursuant to 14 subsection (e) of this section: 15 16 institution of proceedings.-In the event (c) Prompt 17 of seizure pursuant to subsection (b), Any person convicted of a violation of this act punishable by imprisonment for 18 19 more than one (1) year shall be subject to forfeiture of 20 property listed under subsection (a) of this section. 21 proceedings under subsection (d) of this section shall be 22 instituted promptly The procedure for forfeiture shall be 23 as provided in subsections (d) through (n) of this section.

1 2 (d) Except for summary forfeiture under paragraph 3 (j) (vi) and subsections (k) through (n) of this section, 4 the court shall order forfeiture as part of the defendant's 5 sentence. If the state seeks to forfeit property: 6 (i) The indictment or information shall contain 7 8 notice to the defendant that the state seeks forfeiture and 9 shall specifically identify the property sought to be 10 forfeited; 11 12 (ii) After a verdict or finding of quilty, or 13 after a plea of quilty or nolo contendere is accepted, if 14 the forfeiture is contested, the court shall conduct a forfeiture hearing. If the case is tried before a jury, 15 16 subsection (e) of this section shall apply to the hearing. After the hearing, if the court finds that property is 17 subject to forfeiture, the court shall enter a preliminary 18 19 order directing the forfeiture; 20 21 (iii) The court shall include in the preliminary 22 order of forfeiture conditions reasonably necessary to 23 preserve the property's value pending any appeal;

Τ.	
2	(iv) At sentencing, the preliminary forfeiture
3	order shall become final as to the defendant and shall
4	remain preliminary as to third parties until the ancillary
5	hearing is concluded under subsection (f) of this section;
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7	(v) The court shall include the forfeiture order
8	in the judgment.
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10	(e) In any case tried before a jury:
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12	(i) The court shall determine before the jury
13	begins deliberating whether either party requests that the
14	jury be retained to determine the forfeitability of
15	property if it returns a guilty verdict;
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17	(ii) If a party timely requests to have the jury
18	determine the forfeitability, the state shall submit a
19	proposed special verdict form listing each property subject
20	to forfeiture and asking the jury to determine whether the
21	state has established the property is subject to forfeiture
22	under this section;
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Τ	(111) If no party timely requests the jury be
2	retained to determine the forfeitability of property, the
3	court shall determine whether the state has established the
4	property is subject to forfeiture under this section.
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6	(f) If the court orders the forfeiture of property,
7	third parties may assert a legal interest in the property
8	in an ancillary hearing as provided in this subsection:
9	
10	(i) Following an entry of a preliminary order of
11	forfeiture, the state shall publish notice of the order in
12	a newspaper of general circulation in the state once a week
13	for two (2) weeks and shall provide written notice to any
14	person who reasonably appears to be a potential claimant.
15	The notice shall describe the forfeited property and shall
16	advise that parties with a potential interest in the
17	property may contest the forfeiture by filing a petition
18	with the court not later than sixty (60) days after the
19	date of the second public notice;
20	
21	(ii) If a third party files a petition asserting
22	an interest in the property, the court shall conduct an
23	ancillary hearing. The court may permit the parties to

conduct discovery in accordance with the Wyoming rules of 1 2 civil procedure if the court determines that discovery is 3 necessary or desirable to resolve factual issues. After the 4 hearing, the court shall enter a final order of forfeiture 5 by amending the preliminary order as necessary to account 6 for any third party rights. If no third party files a timely petition, the preliminary order becomes the final 7 8 order upon expiration of the time for filing a petition; 9 10 (iii) If a defendant appeals from a conviction 11 or a preliminary order of forfeiture, the court may stay 12 the preliminary order of forfeiture on terms appropriate to 13 ensure that the property remains available pending 14 appellate review. A stay shall not delay the ancillary 15 hearing or the determination of a third party's rights or 16 interests. If the court rules in favor of any third party while an appeal is pending, the court may amend the order 17 of forfeiture but shall not transfer any property interest 18 to a third party until the decision on appeal becomes 19 20 final, unless the defendant consents in writing or on the 21 record.

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1	(g) An interest in property belonging to a third
2	party shall not be forfeited if the third party establishes
3	by a preponderance of evidence that he is an innocent
4	owner. For purposes of this subsection:
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6	(i) With respect to a property interest in
7	existence at the time the violation of this act took place,
8	"innocent owner" means a person who held an interest in the
9	property who:
10	
11	(A) Did not know of the act of violation;
12	<u>or</u>
13	
14	(B) Upon learning of the violation of this
15	act, did all that reasonably could be expected under the
16	circumstances to terminate such use of the property. A
17	person is not required to take steps that the person
18	reasonably believes would be likely to subject any person
19	to physical danger.
20	
21	(ii) With respect to a property interest
22	acquired after the violation of this act has taken place,

the term "innocent owner" means a person who, at the time 1 2 that person acquired the interest in the property: 3 4 (A) Was a bona fide purchaser or seller for 5 value of goods or services or a holder of a bona fide 6 security interest; and 7 8 Did not know and was reasonably without (B) 9 cause to believe the property was subject to forfeiture. 10 11 (d) (h) Seized property not repleviable; sealing or 12 removal of seized property. Property taken or detained 13 under this section shall not be subject to replevin, but is 14 deemed to be in the custody of the commissioner subject only to the orders and decrees of the court having 15 16 jurisdiction over the forfeiture proceedings. When property 17 is seized under this act, the commissioner may: shall place 18 the property under seal or otherwise assure the property is 19 maintained under conditions reasonably necessary to 20 preserve the property's value until the forfeiture proceedings have become final as to all parties and all 21

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rights of appeal have been exhausted.

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1	(i) Place the property under seal;
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3	(ii) Remove the property to a place designated
4	by him; or
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6	(iii) Require the board to take custody of the
7	property and remove it to an appropriate location for
8	disposition in accordance with law.
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10	(e)(j) When property is forfeited under this act, the
11	commissioner may:
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13	(i) Retain it for official use; in which case it
14	shall become the property of the state of Wyoming;
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16	(ii) Sell any such property which is not
17	required to be destroyed by law and which is not harmful to
18	the public. The proceeds shall be used for payment of all
19	proper expenses of the proceedings for forfeiture and sale,
20	including expenses of seizure, maintenance of custody,
21	advertising and court costs;
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1 (iii) Require the board to take custody of the 2 property and remove it for disposition in accordance with 3 law; 4 5 (iv) Repealed by Laws 1983, ch. 160, § 2. 6 7 (v) Transfer ownership and control of the 8 property to any municipality or political subdivision of the state for its official use; or 9 10 11 (vi) Authorize any law enforcement officer to 12 apply to the district court with jurisdiction for an order providing for destruction of the contraband controlled 13 substances or paraphernalia if no longer necessary for 14 evidentiary purposes, provided, however, that a district 15 16 court order shall not be necessary for the division of 17 criminal investigation to destroy quantities of contraband controlled substances after the division has tested random 18 19 samples. The division of criminal investigation shall 20 adopt rules necessary to operate a program to destroy bulk 21 quantities of contraband controlled substances, which shall

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include:

1	(A) The photographing and videotaping of
2	the entire bulk amount of seized contraband controlled
3	substances to maintain its evidentiary value and to create
4	exhibits for use in legal proceedings;
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6	(B) The extraction of ten (10) random
7	samples from the entire bulk amount of seized contraband
8	controlled substances for laboratory analysis;
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10	(C) A weighing on properly calibrated
11	scales of both the bulk amount of seized contraband
12	controlled substances and the representative samples;
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14	(D) The additional retention of:
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16	(I) Five (5) ounces of organic
17	material if the controlled substance is marihuana or a
18	substance of similar organic composition;
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20	(II) Five (5) grams of a controlled
21	substance in powdered or crystalline form;
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1 (III) Five-tenths (0.5) of a gram of a 2 controlled substance in liquid form; 3 4 (IV) An amount sufficient for testing by experts shall be made available from the additionally 5 retained sample for the purpose of defending criminal 6 charges arising from the possession, use or sale of the 7 8 controlled substance. 9 10 (E) After the testing and retention of samples specified in this paragraph, the commissioner or 11 12 his designee may order the destruction of the bulk amount of the seized contraband controlled substance in excess of 13 the representative sample and the additional retained 14 15 samples of the seized contraband controlled substance; 16 17 (F) Once the representative samples and the additional retained samples of the contraband controlled 18 19 substance are no longer necessary for evidentiary purposes, 20 any law enforcement officer, upon authorization from the 21 commissioner, may apply to the district court with jurisdiction for an order providing for the destruction of 22 the remaining contraband controlled substance.

through V that is possessed, transferred, sold or offered for sale in violation of this act is contraband and shall be seized and summarily forfeited to the state. Any controlled substance listed in Schedules I through V which is seized or comes into possession of the state and the owner is unknown, is contraband and shall be summarily forfeited to the state.

(g) (m) Seizures and summary forfeiture of certain plants generally.—Species of plants from which controlled substances in Schedules I and II may be derived which have been planted or cultivated in violation of this act, or of which the owners or cultivators are unknown, or which are wild growths, may be seized and summarily forfeited to the state.

(h) (n) Authority for seizure and forfeiture of plants. The failure, upon demand by the commissioner, or his authorized agent, of the person in occupancy or in control of land or premises upon which the species of plants are growing or being stored, to produce an

1 appropriate registration, or proof that he is the holder

2 thereof, constitutes authority for the seizure and

3 forfeiture of the plants.

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5 (j) (o) Any law enforcement agency of this state may accept, receive, dispose of and expend the property or 6 proceeds from any property forfeited to the federal 7 8 government or any state and allocated to the agency by the 9 United States attorney general pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 881(e) 10 or any law of another state. The property or proceeds shall 11 be in addition to funds appropriated to the law enforcement 12 agency by the state legislature or any unit of local 13 government. The property or proceeds may be credited to any lawfully created fund or account designated to receive 14 15 proceeds of forfeitures.

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(k) (p) Any law enforcement agency of this state which seizes property, other than property subject to summary forfeiture under paragraph (j) (vi) and subsections (k) through (n) of this section, or which receives property or proceeds pursuant to subsection (j) (o) of this section shall report to the attorney general on forms to be prescribed by the attorney general:

1 2 (i) The receipt of property or proceeds within 3 thirty (30) days from the receipt; and 4 5 (ii) The disposition or expenditure of any property or proceeds within ninety (90) days from the 6 disposition or expenditure. 7 8 9 (m) (q) The attorney general shall submit a biennial 10 an annual report to the joint appropriations interim committee and the joint judiciary interim committee not 11 12 later than August 1 concerning recipients and the amount of 13 property and proceeds accepted, received, disposed of or expended under subsection (j) of this section by law 14 15 enforcement agencies, other than property subject to 16 summary forfeiture under paragraph (j)(vi) and subsections (k) through (n) of this section. 17 18 19 (n) (r) No law enforcement agency of this state shall 20 accept property or proceeds pursuant to subsection (j) (o) 21 of this section if the tender of the property or proceeds is conditioned upon the state law enforcement agency's 22

1 adoption of federal law enforcement practices and

2 procedure.

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4 **Section 2.** This act shall apply to seizures of

5 property which occur after June 30, 2015 and to any

6 subsequent forfeitures of property seized after June 30,

7 2015.

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9 **Section 3.** This act is effective July 1, 2015.

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11 (END)