SENATE FILE NO. SF0105

Wyoming Second Amendment Financial Privacy Act.

Sponsored by: Senator(s) Laursen, D, Biteman, Bouchard, French, Ide, Salazar and Steinmetz and Representative(s) Bear, Haroldson, Heiner, Knapp, Locke, Rodriguez-Williams, Slagle and Ward

A BILL

for

- 1 AN ACT relating to the administration of government;
- 2 providing legislative findings; prohibiting disclosure or
- 3 use of protected information relating to firearms and
- 4 ammunition sales as specified; providing exceptions;
- 5 providing requirements for disclosure; authorizing civil
- 6 actions; providing definitions; and providing for an
- 7 effective date.

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9 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Wyoming:

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10

11 Section 1.

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13 (a) The legislature finds that:

1 (i) The second amendment to the United States

2 constitution guarantees the people the right to keep and

3 bear arms;

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5 (ii) In September 2022, the world's three (3)

6 largest payment card networks publicly announced they would

7 assign a unique merchant category code to firearms

8 retailers accepting payment cards for purchases, after

9 twenty-eight (28) members of Congress sent a public letter

10 to networks, pressuring them to adopt the new code;

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12 (iii) In the letter to payment card networks,

13 federal lawmakers stated that the new merchant category

14 code for firearms retailers would be "the first step

15 towards facilitating the collection of valuable financial

16 data that could help law enforcement in countering the

17 financing of terrorism efforts," expressing a clear

18 government expectation that networks will utilize the new

19 merchant category code to conduct mass surveillance of

20 constitutionally protected firearms and ammunition

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21 purchases in cooperation with law enforcement;

1 (iv) The new merchant category code will allow

2 banks, payment card networks, acquirers and other entities

3 involved in payment card processing to identify and

4 separately track lawful payment card purchases at firearms

5 retailers in this state, paving the way for unprecedented

6 surveillance of second amendment activity and information

7 sharing between financial institutions and the government;

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9 (v) This potential for cooperative surveillance

10 and tracking of lawful firearms and ammunition purchases

11 will have a significant chilling effect on citizens wishing

12 to exercise their federal and state constitutional rights

13 to keep and bear arms in this state;

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15 (vi) While federal law requires some financial

16 institutions to report transactions that are highly

17 indicative of money laundering or other unlawful

18 activities, there is no federal or state law authorizing

19 financial institutions to surveil and track lawful

20 activities by customers in cooperation with law

21 enforcement. The federal Right to Financial Privacy Act

22 prohibits financial institutions from disclosing a

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SF0105

- 1 customer's financial records except in limited
- 2 circumstances;

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- 4 (vii) The creation and maintenance of records of
- 5 purchases of firearms or ammunition or the tracking of
- 6 sales made by a retailer of firearms or ammunition by a
- 7 nongovernmental entity, including a credit card processer,
- 8 without a substantial and historical business need or a
- 9 requirement imposed by law, may frustrate the right to keep
- 10 and bear arms and violate the reasonable privacy rights of
- 11 lawful purchasers of firearms or ammunition;

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- 13 (viii) Based on the above stated findings, it is
- 14 the intent of the legislature to prohibit the misuse of
- 15 payment card processing systems to surveil, report or
- 16 otherwise discourage constitutionally protected firearm and
- 17 ammunition purchases and sales within this state.

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19 **Section 2.** W.S. 1-39-122 and 9-14-301 through

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20 9-14-304 are created to read:

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22 1-39-122. Liability; financial privacy.

A governmental entity is liable for damages resulting from 1 2 a violation of W.S. 9-14-303 caused by the negligent, 3 reckless or intentional acts of public employees while 4 acting within the scope of their duties. 5 6 ARTICLE 3 SECOND AMENDMENT FINANCIAL PRIVACY ACT 7 8 9-14-301. Short title. 9 10 11 This article shall be known and may be cited as the "Second 12 Amendment Financial Privacy Act." 13 9-14-302. Definitions. 14 15 16 (a) As used in this act: 17 18 (i) "Assign" or "assignment" means a credit card 19 processor policy, process or practice that labels, links or 20 otherwise associates a firearms code with a merchant or payment card transaction in a manner that allows the credit 21

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5 SF0105

card processor or any other entity facilitating or

processing the payment card transaction to identify whether

a merchant is a firearms retailer or whether a transaction 1 2 involves the sale or purchase of firearms or ammunition; 3 4 (ii) "Credit card processor" means an entity involved in facilitating or processing a payment card 5 transaction; 6 7 8 (iii) "Customer" means any person engaged in a payment card transaction that a credit card processor 9 10 facilitates or processes; 11 (iv) "Disclosure" means the transfer, 12 publication or distribution of protected financial 13 information to another person or entity for any purpose 14 15 other than to process or facilitate a payment card 16 transaction; 17 (v) "Financial record" means a financial record 18 19 held by a credit card processor related to a payment card 20 transaction that the credit card processor has processed or

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facilitated;

1 (vi) "Firearms code" means any code or other 2 indicator that a credit card processor assigns to a 3 merchant or to a payment card transaction that identifies 4 whether a merchant is a firearms retailer or whether the payment card transaction involves the purchase of a firearm 5 or ammunition. The term "firearms code" includes, but is 6 not limited to, a merchant category code assigned to a 7 retailer by a payment card network or other credit card 8 9 processor; 10 11 (vii) "Firearms retailer" means any person 12 engaged in the lawful business of selling or firearms or ammunition to be used in firearms; 13 14 15 (viii) "Government entity" means any county or 16 municipality, or state board, commission, agency, bureau, department or any other political subdivision of the state; 17 18 (ix) "Protected financial information" means any 19 20 record of a sale, purchase, return or refund involving a 21 payment card that is retrieved, characterized, generated, labeled, sorted or grouped based on the assignment of a 22 23 firearms code;

7 SF0105

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2 (x) "This act" means W.S. 9-14-301 through

3 9-14-304.

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5 9-14-303. Prohibitions on data collection and use.

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7 (a) No state governmental agency or local government,

8 special district or other political subdivision or

9 official, agent or employee of the state or other

10 governmental entity or any other person, public or private,

11 shall knowingly or willfully keep or cause to be kept any

12 list, record or registry of privately owned firearms or any

13 list, record or registry of the owners of those firearms

14 created or maintained through the use of a firearms code.

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16 (b) No credit card processor shall require the usage

17 of or assign a firearms or ammunition merchant category

18 code to any merchant located in Wyoming that is a seller of

19 firearms or ammunition separately from general merchandise

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20 retailers or sporting goods retailers.

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22 **9-14-304.** Civil actions.

1 (a) The attorney general may investigate alleged

2 violations of this act and, upon finding a violation, shall

3 provide written notice to any person or entity, public or

4 private, believed to be in violation of this act. Upon

5 receipt of written notice from the attorney general, the

6 person or entity shall have thirty (30) days to cease the

7 usage of a firearms or ammunition merchant code for any

8 Wyoming merchant.

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10 (b) If the person or entity fails to cease the usage

11 of a firearms or ammunition merchant code for any merchant

12 located in Wyoming after the expiration of thirty (30) days

13 from the receipt of the written notice by the attorney

14 general's office, the attorney general may pursue an

15 injunction against any person or entity, public or private,

16 alleged to be in violation of this act. A court may order

17 an injunction, in addition to any other relief, as the

18 court may consider appropriate.

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20 (c) It shall not be a defense to a civil action filed

21 under this act that information was disclosed to a federal

22 government entity unless the disclosure or action is

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23 required by federal law or regulation.

1 **Section 3.** W.S. 1-39-104(a) is amended to read: 2 3 4 1-39-104. Granting immunity from tort liability; 5 liability on contracts; exceptions. 6 7 (a) A governmental entity and its public employees 8 while acting within the scope of duties are granted 9 immunity from liability for any tort except as provided by 10 W.S. 1-39-105 through 1-39-112 and 1-39-122. Any immunity 11 in actions based on a contract entered into by a 12 governmental entity is waived except to the extent provided by the contract if the contract was within the powers 13 granted to the entity and was properly executed and except 14 as provided in W.S. 1-39-120(b). The claims procedures of 15 16 1-39-113 apply to contractual claims 17 governmental entities. 18 19 Section 4. This act is effective July 1, 2024. 20

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(END)