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# APPENDIX E

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## Timeline of Wyoming's substance abuse efforts

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- 1961** – Community Human Services Act – authorized counties and municipalities to establish and fund community-based mental health services around the state.
- 1979** – Community Human Services Act (Health and Social Services Reorganization) – added substance abuse services to community service continuum.
- 1987** – Statewide Drug Policy Board – established by Governor's Executive Order 1987-1.
- 1991** – State government reorganization – Wyoming Department of Health and its Behavioral Health Division formed to work with mental health and substance abuse issues.
- 1995-1999** – Wyoming Substance Abuse Treatment Needs Assessment Project (SATNAP) – process, outcomes and impact of epidemiological research on substance abuse prevention, intervention and treatment in Wyoming. Estimated that at least 6 additional individuals need treatment for every one person already in treatment in Wyoming.
- 1997** – First drug court operational, Uinta County.
- 1998** – Methamphetamine Initiative – Legislature appropriates \$3.2 million seed money to implement a comprehensive substance abuse plan and pilot projects around the state, led by the Governor's Statewide Drug Policy Board.
- 1999** – Methamphetamine Initiative – Legislature appropriates \$5.2 million to continue Initiative.
- 2000** – Department of Health Reorganization – Behavioral Health Division split into two divisions: Mental Health Division and Substance Abuse Division.
- 2001** – HB 83, Substance Abuse Control Plan study authorized and funded: report called *Reclaiming Wyoming: A Comprehensive Blueprint for Prevention, Early Intervention and Treatment of Substance Abuse*.
- HB 82, Drug Court program authorized with funding and administration requirements established.
- Substance Abuse Division begins pilot program for Comprehensive Substance Abuse Communities (CSACs): the Division contracts to have strategic plans developed and for service gaps and cost-of service analyses for Natrona and Laramie counties.
- 2002** – HB 59, Substance Abuse Control Plan passed implementing some recommendations from *Blueprint*, components include: Addicted Offender Accountability Act, establish 100-bed secure treatment facility, establish a grant assistance program, develop substance abuse treatment (secure and otherwise) and certification standards, conduct studies of adolescent treatment, children of incarcerated parents, and offender re-entry into communities, conduct alcohol sales to youth checks, provide for an annual report and appropriating funds and positions to the Departments of Health, Corrections, and Family Services.

- Statewide Drug Policy Board renamed and authorized as Governor's Substance Abuse and Violent Crime Advisory Board through Executive Order 2002-2: Substance Abuse Division named as staff for Board.
- 2003** - Governor's Substance Abuse and Violent Crime Advisory Board revised through Executive Order 2003-8
  - Addicted Offender Accountability Act (HB 59) takes effect, assessors managed by Substance Abuse Division.
- 2004** - Contracted study of Adolescent Drug and Alcohol Treatment report (HB 59) received by the Substance Abuse Division.
  - Courts may not refer substance abuse clients to providers that do not meet state substance abuse standards promulgated by and certified under the Substance Abuse Division.
- 2005** - 100-bed secure treatment facility (HB 59) goes online in Casper.
  - Addicted Offender Accountability Act (HB 59), assessors and funding transferred to Department of Corrections.
  - Adolescent Drug and Alcohol Treatment and Offender Re-entry studies (HB 59) complete.
  - HB 275, Meth Initiative Planning Study authorized and funded: report called *Methamphetamine Planning Study*.
  - HB 308, Methamphetamine Initiative: \$3 million supplementary appropriations authorized to fund expansion of prevention and treatment services statewide.
  - Governor's Substance Abuse and Violent Crime Advisory Board revised through Executive Order 2005-1.